

REDD+ IMPLEMENTATION AND SUSTAINABLE FOREST MANAGEMENT

Date: Friday June 27, 2014 11:30 - 13:00

Venue: Austria Room, FAO, Rome

Intepretation provided in English, French and Spanish

OBJECTIVES

This WFW event will share the outcomes of the International Seminar "REDD+ Implementation and Sustainable Forest Management" held in Tokyo in February 2014, with experts and policy makers from the forestry sector. The main goal is to explore synergies between policies for sustainable forest management (SFM) and for REDD+, so as to turn SFM into a mean and an opportunity for REDD+, as well as turning REDD+ into an engine for SFM.

ORGANIZERS

The seminar is co-organized by the Forestry and Forest Products Research Institute (FFPRI), and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

PROGRAMME

- 1. Opening** - Mr. Ichiro Nagame (Forestry Agency Japan)
Patrick Durst (FAO Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific, Bangkok)
- 2. Presentations**
 - SFM and REDD+ : Two discourses , one ultimate goal - Dr. Patrick Durst (FAO)
 - How is SFM facilitated in the REDD+ activities? National Forest Monitoring systems in the context of REDD+ - Dr. María J. Sanz Sánchez (FAO)
 - Outcomes and findings from the International Seminar "REDD+ Implementation and Sustainable Forest Management" - Dr. Mitsuo Matsumoto (FFPRI)
- 3. Discussion:** "The role of SFM in REDD+ implementation: Enabling environments, opportunities, and synergies" - facilitated by Patrick Durst (FAO)
- 4. Closing remarks:** Dr. Mitsuo Matsumoto (FFPRI)



Catering provided after the event

SUMMARY OF KEY MESSAGES FROM INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR “REDD+ IMPLEMENTATION AND SFM”

- SFM and REDD+ objectives can be achieved more effectively by fully exploiting synergies. Practices and experiences from SFM can contribute to the design of effective REDD+ strategies and implementation approaches, while REDD+ architecture, actions and lessons can contribute to achieving the objectives of SFM that have been slowly progressed in the tropics.
- Science has an important role to play in both SFM and REDD+. Both SFM and REDD+ require better knowledge.
- REDD+ strategies will only be successful when they are built on a sound understanding of local realities, especially of how local communities view the worlds, their livelihoods and aspirations. Local people should be viewed as key partners for SFM and REDD+.
- International financial and technical support for REDD+ must be tailored to assist governments in achieving their broader SFM goals and to reflect national and local realities. For example, investments in national forest monitoring systems (NFMS) should not just build the capacity to measure carbon stocks and monitor safeguards.
- SFM and REDD+ require major transformation in the forestry sectors of some countries. Governments are key to creating and maintaining enabling environments for REDD+, while other actors are essential for materializing actions.
- Increasing political will to reduce deforestation and forest degradation and to promote SFM within a wider development agenda will be vital to the achievement of REDD+ and sustainable development.
- Successful REDD+ require space for stakeholders to participate at multiple levels in design and implementation.
- The recent increase in REDD+ projects presents challenges but also provides learning opportunities.
- SFM and REDD+ cannot be realized through actions in the forestry sector alone. Good governance and land-use planning under the well-designed coordination between the differed land-use sectors are key to landscape approaches that provide a framework for analysis and planning to tackle these drivers.

Link to presentations and proceedings of the International Seminar “REDD+ Implementation and Sustainable Forest Management” held on 6-7 February

<http://www.ffpri.affrc.go.jp/redd-rc/en/seminars/reports/2014/02/06/01.html#programnew>



Link to technical manual “REDD-plus COOKBOOK” (English, Spanish and Japanese)

<http://www.ffpri.affrc.go.jp/redd-rc/en/reference/cookbook.html>

